The invention relates to medicine, in particular to gastrology and can be used for diagnosing morphologically altered precancerous conditions of the stomach.

Summary of the invention consists in determining in the patient's blood serum the quantitative values of pepsinogen I (PG-I), pepsinogen II (PG-II) and the ratio between the quantitative value of pepsinogen I and pepsinogen II (PG-I / PG-II), if the quantitative value of PG-I is $64.10...38.37 \mu g/L$, and the ratio PG-I/PG-II is 4.59...2.55, the presence of morphologically altered precancerous condition of the stomach is diagnosed.

Claims: 1